



Epoxy Pumping Fluid, Part B

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier	Epoxy Pumping Fluid, Part B
Other Means of Identification	Epoxy Hardener
Product Family	Amine
Recommended Use	Mixed with another component to form a pumpable epoxy.
Restrictions on Use	None known.
Manufacturer/Supplier Identifier	The Stebbins Engineering and Manufacturing Company, 363 Eastern Boulevard, Watertown, NY, 13601, (315) 782-3000, www.stebbinseng.com
Emergency Phone No.	Chemtrec - Within North America, 1-800-424-9300, 24 hours Stebbins 24 Hour Contact-, 1-315-788-6624
SDS No.	035
Date of Preparation	September 10, 2015

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) - Category 4; Acute toxicity (Dermal) - Category 4; Acute toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 2; Skin corrosion - Category 1B; Serious eye damage - Category 1; Skin sensitization - Category 1B; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

Label Elements



Signal Word:
Danger

Hazard Statement(s):

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:

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P260 Do not breathe vapours, mist, spray.
P264 Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P284 Wear respiratory protection (NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge).

Response:

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other Hazards

May be a health hazard in confined spaces. Hazardous to the environment.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers	Other Names
Cashew, nutshell liq.	8007-24-7	40 - 60 %	NONE	Resin modifier
Diethylenetriamine	111-40-0	20 - 30 %	DETA	Aliphatic polyamine hardener
Diethylenetriamine, oxirane polymer	28063-82-3	20 - 30 %	DETA	Aliphatic polyamine hardener

Notes

**This ingredient is a component of the complex mixture.

Concentrations are expressed in % weight/weight.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid Measures

Inhalation

Take precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). Remove source of exposure or move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by Poison Centre or doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel

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should begin rescue breathing. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED).

Skin Contact

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash gently and thoroughly with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes. If skin irritation or a rash occurs, get medical advice or attention. Clean clothing, shoes and leather goods.

Eye Contact

Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves if necessary. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Neutral saline solution may be used as soon as it is available. DO NOT INTERRUPT FLUSHING. If necessary, continue flushing during transport to hospital.

Ingestion

If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side in the recovery position. Rinse mouth with water again. Never give anything by mouth if person is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor.

First-aid Comments

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice or attention. Some of the first-aid procedures recommended here require advanced first-aid training.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

In sensitized people, exposure to a very small amount of product can cause symptoms including wheezing, difficult breathing, sneezing and runny or blocked nose. Can cause death. Symptoms can develop immediately following exposure or hours later. Repeated exposure will make the reaction worse. Aspiration hazard. If swallowed: may be drawn into the lungs if swallowed or vomited, causing severe lung damage. Death can result.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Target Organs

Eyes, skin, respiratory system, liver, kidneys, nervous system.

Special Instructions

Not applicable.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Asthma, eye conditions, kidney conditions, liver conditions, respiratory conditions, skin allergies.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Not combustible. Use extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding fire. Use water to keep non-leaking, fire-exposed containers cool.

Small fire: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog.

Large fire: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use water jet.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Review Section 10 (Stability and Reactivity) for additional information.

In a fire, the following hazardous materials may be generated: corrosive chemicals; very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide; corrosive, oxidizing nitrogen oxides; corrosive, flammable ammonia.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Evacuate area. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours or gases. Knock down vapours or gases with water fog or fine water spray. Dike and recover contaminated water for appropriate disposal.

Fire-fighters may enter the area if positive pressure SCBA and full Bunker Gear is worn.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Emergency responders: evacuate the area immediately. Isolate the hazard area. Keep out unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Evacuate downwind locations. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled product unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Increase ventilation to area or move leaking container to a well-ventilated and secure area.

Environmental Precautions

It is good practice to prevent releases into the environment. If the spill is inside a building, prevent product from entering drains, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Small spills or leaks: stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Contain and soak up spill with absorbent that does not react with spilled product. Place used absorbent into suitable, covered, labelled containers for disposal. Contaminated absorbent poses the same hazard as the spilled product. Large spills or leaks: dike spilled product to prevent runoff. Contain and soak up spill with absorbent that does not react with spilled product. Get expert advice before treating the spilled product with other chemicals to make it less hazardous. Store recovered product in suitable containers that are: covered, corrosion-resistant. Contact emergency services and manufacturer/supplier for advice.

Other Information

Report spills to local health, safety and environmental authorities, as required.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Avoid breathing in this product. Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Only use where there is adequate ventilation. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use or empty. Do NOT eat, drink or store food in work areas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this product and before eating, using the washroom or leaving work area.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in an area that is: ventilated, cool, separate from incompatible materials (see Section 10: Stability and Reactivity).

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV®		OSHA PEL		AIHA WEEL	
	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA
Diethylenetriamine	1 ppm Skin					
Diethylenetriamine, oxirane polymer	1 ppm		4 mg/m3			

Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption

ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. TLV® = Threshold Limit Value. OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PEL = Permissible Exposure Limits. AIHA® = AIHA® Guideline Foundation. WEEL® = Workplace Environmental Exposure Limit. TWA = Time-Weighted Average. STEL = Short-term Exposure Limit.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Use local exhaust ventilation and enclosure, if necessary, to control amount in the air. Exhaust directly to the outside, taking any necessary precautions for environmental protection. Provide eyewash in work area, if contact or splash hazard exists.

Individual Protection Measures

Eye/Face Protection

Wear approved safety glasses.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots.

Suitable materials are: butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, nitrile rubber.

Respiratory Protection

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Wear a NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Amber liquid. Particle Size: Not applicable
Odour	Fishy
Odour Threshold	Not available
pH	>= 9
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not available (melting); ~ -38 °F (-39 °C) (freezing)
Boiling point/Initial boiling point	405 °F (207 °C)
Boiling Range	Not available
Flash Point	207 °F (97 °C)
Evaporation Rate	0.01 (estimated)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit	>= 11.6% (estimated) (Diethylenetriamine) (upper); <= 1.9% (estimated) (Diethylenetriamine) (lower)
Vapour Pressure	~ 0.15757 mm Hg (0.02101 kPa) at 68 °F (20 °C) (estimated) (Diethylenetriamine)
Vapour Density (air = 1)	Not available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.01
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water; Not available (in other liquids)
Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)	-1.58 at 25 °C (77 °F) (Diethylenetriamine)
Auto-ignition Temperature	358 °C
Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Viscosity	~ 7.16 mm ² /s at 20 °C (68 °F) (kinematic); Not available (dynamic)
Other Information	
Physical State	Liquid

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions of use.

Chemical Stability

Normally stable.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Reacts in the presence of metals, acidic conditions (low pH), alkaline conditions (high pH), oxidizing agents.

Conditions to Avoid

Prolonged exposure to high temperatures. Avoid long term exposure to vapours. Incompatible materials. Temperatures above 298.0 °F (147.8 °C)

Incompatible Materials

Releases excessive heat on contact with: water. Avoid: oxidizing agents (e.g. peroxides), strong acids (e.g. hydrochloric acid), aldehydes (e.g. acetaldehyde), alcohols (e.g. ethanol), aromatic hydrocarbons (e.g. toluene), ketones (e.g. acetone), nitriles (e.g. butyronitrile), peat moss, saw dust, metals (e.g. aluminum).
Copper, copper alloys (e.g. brass and/or bronze).

Avoid contact with absorbent materials such as: Ground corn cobs. Moist organic absorbents. Peat moss. Sawdust.

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Hazardous Decomposition Products

Reactive chemicals; corrosive, flammable ammonia; oxygen (a strong oxidizer). volatile amines.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information presented below is for the entire product, unless otherwise specified.

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation; skin absorption; eye contact; ingestion.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
Diethylenetriamine	0.07-0.3 mg/L (rat) (mist)	1,620 mg/kg (rat)	1,090 mg/kg (rabbit)
Diethylenetriamine, oxirane polymer	> 0.07- < 0.3 mg/L (rat) (4-hour exposure) (vapour)	> 2,000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

LC50 (Inhalation)

Exposure may cause irritation to respiratory tract.

Prolonged exposure to aerosol/mist may cause serious adverse effects, even death.

LD50 (Oral)

Swallowing may result in burns to the throat and mouth. Aspiration hazard high.

LD50 (Dermal)

Harmful absorption levels associated with prolonged skin exposure.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Human experience shows moderate or severe irritation. Skin Sensitization: repeated or prolonged exposure can irritate or burn the skin.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

May irritate or burn the eyes. Permanent damage including blindness may result. The vapour also irritates the eyes.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

Causes severe nose and throat irritation.

Skin Absorption

May be harmful Symptoms may include redness, rash, swelling and itching.

Ingestion

If small amounts are swallowed may cause harmful effects on the liver.

Aspiration Hazard

May be drawn into the lungs (aspirated) if swallowed or vomited. May cause lung damage if aspirated based on existing animal tests and physical and chemical properties.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Following skin contact and/or if swallowed: harmful effects on the liver. Liver function tests may show abnormal results.

Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

Human experience shows severe asthma or asthma-like symptoms (respiratory sensitization) in rare cases following exposure at work. In sensitized people, exposure to a very small amount of product can cause symptoms including wheezing, difficult breathing, sneezing and runny or blocked nose. Can cause death. Symptoms can develop immediately following exposure or hours later. Repeated exposure will make the reaction worse.

In sensitized people, contact with a very small amount of product can cause an allergic reaction. Symptoms include redness, rash, itching and swelling. This reaction can spread from the hands or arms to the face and body. Repeated exposure will make the reaction worse. Individuals having an allergic skin reaction to this product may have an allergic skin reaction to similar material(s).

The similar material(s) is/are:

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Ethylenediamine (EDA).
 Triethylenetetramine (TETA).
 Piperazine.
 Tetraethylenepentamine (TEPA).
 Aminoethylethanolamine (AEEA).
 Aminoethylpiperazine (AEP).
 Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.
 Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
Diethylenetriamine	Not Listed	Not designated	Not Listed	Not Listed
Diethylenetriamine, oxirane polymer	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Reproductive Toxicity

Development of Offspring

May harm the unborn child.

Sexual Function and Fertility

May cause effects on sexual function and/or fertility.

Effects on or via Lactation

No information was located.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Causes mutagenicity in in vitro tests.

Interactive Effects

No information was located.

Other Information

Aspiration hazard

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life, based on acute toxicity tests. Can cause sharp increase in pH value in aquatic environments.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50 Fish	EC50 Crustacea	ErC50 Aquatic Plants	ErC50 Algae
Diethylenetriamine	430 mg/L (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow); 96-hour; fresh water; semi-static)	16 mg/L (Daphnia magna (water flea); 48-hour; static)	1,164 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae); 72-hour; static)	Not available

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

Chemical Name	NOEC Fish	EC50 Fish	NOEC Crustacea	EC50 Crustacea
Diethylenetriamine	5.6 mg/L (Daphnia magna (water flea); 21-day; static)	Not available	Not available	Not available

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability: Material has inherent, ultimate biodegradability according to OECD test (s) guidelines (reaches > 60 or 70% biodegradation in OECD test(s)). Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Not applicable.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulative potential is low. Bio-concentration factor (BCF): > 96 %

Exposure time: 10 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302A or Equivalent.

Mobility in Soil

If released into the environment, this product can move rapidly through the soil.

Other Adverse Effects

There is no information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Contact local environmental authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods in your jurisdiction.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulation	UN No.	Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Packing Group
US DOT	UN2735	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (diethylenetriamine, aliphatic amines)	8	II
IMO (Marine)	UN2735	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (diethylenetriamine, aliphatic amines)	8	II
IATA (Air)	UN2735	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (diethylenetriamine, aliphatic amines)	8	II
Canadian TDG	UN2735	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (diethylenetriamine, aliphatic amines)	8	II

Environmental Hazards Not applicable

Special Precautions Not applicable

Transport in Bulk according to International Maritime Organization Instruments

Not applicable

Emergency Response Guide No. 153

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

This section is not required by OSHA HCS 2012.

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

CEPA - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Not specifically listed.

USA

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Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Additional USA Regulatory Lists

US Federal

HCS Classification Hazardous Substance

SARA Title III - Section 302:

SARA Title III - Section 311/312: Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA Title III - Section 313: None required

State Regulations California Proposition 65: This product does not contains a chemical known in the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Pennsylvania Right To Know: Chemical Listed: Hazardous Substance. (Triethylenetetramine mixture). (Tetraethylenepentamine mixture). (Aminoethylethanolamine)

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating	Health - 3	Flammability - 1	Instability - 0
SDS Prepared By	B.E.R.		
Phone No.	(315) 782-3000		
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Revision Indicators	Revision 5 Updated C.A.S.# Additional Information; reviewed and approved		
Key to Abbreviations	ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA® = AIHA® Guideline Foundation IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer NFPA = National Fire Protection Association OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration NTP = National Toxicology Program NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health		
References	CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). NIOSH Pocket Guide database. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS®) database. Dassault Systèmes/BIOVIA ("BIOVIA"). Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).		
Disclaimer	NOTE: The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge, accurate and reliable. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this information, or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.		

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